Given the root node of a binary search tree, return the sum of values of all nodes with value between L and R (inclusive).

The binary search tree is guaranteed to have unique values.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** root = [10,5,15,3,7,null,18], L = 7, R = 15

**Output:** 32

**Example 2:**

**Input:** root = [10,5,15,3,7,13,18,1,null,6], L = 6, R = 10

**Output:** 23

**Note:**

1. The number of nodes in the tree is at most 10000.
2. The final answer is guaranteed to be less than 2^31.